

JUL 3 1 2015 S.D. SEC. OF STATE

Representative Dean Wink, Chair Senator Corey Brown, Vice Chair

Jason Hancock, Director Sue Cichos, Deputy Director Doug Decker, Code Counsel

July 29, 2015

Mr. John P. Fiksdal 3918 S. Western Avenue Sioux Falls, SD 57105

Dear Mr. Fiksdal:

Pursuant to SDCL 12-13-25, this office is required to review each initiated law or initiated amendment to the South Dakota Constitution. Further, this office is required by SDCL 12-13-24 to determine if each initiative or initiated amendment is "written in a clear and coherent manner in the style and form of other legislation" and that it is "worded so that the effect of the measure is not misleading or likely to cause confusion among voters." You are under no obligation to accept any of the suggestions contained in this letter. But please keep in mind the legal standards established in SDCL 12-13-24.

The draft language of the initiated measure submitted to this office is not written in the same form and style used for preparing legislation for the South Dakota Legislature. It may be helpful to review the drafting manual for legislation which may be found on the LRC website or you may find examples of legislation introduced in previous sessions to provide a format for preparing your proposed initiated measure.

The title for proposed measure should begin with an active verb that expresses the subject of the proposed measure. The title for proposed measure currently begins with a short title, which is also inconsistent with the practice of codification used in this state. Short titles are occasionally used with Uniform State Laws to indicate to the South Dakota courts that courts in other states may have already construed the provisions of the proposed Act. Furthermore, findings and declaration of purpose are rarely used in legislation and it does not appear that the proposed findings list any facts, but expresses an opinion of the purpose of the measure. There are several other form and style issues which are either outlined in this letter or marked on the proposed measure.

Do not attempt to amend or propose the catchline for each section of law, the catchline is not part of the statute. The publisher and Code Counsel will amend or prepare the catchlines. Also, never attempt to assign the codification number for any new section as that will be determined by the publisher and Code Counsel.

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New underscored material always follows overstricken material and it is not proper form and style to overstrike and underscore a portion of a word. In many instances within the proposed measure, the section begins with subdivision numbers. This is the federal drafting style, which is used in some other states, by assigning a subdivision number to each paragraph of a multi-paragraph section. This practice is not permitted in South Dakota. In general, avoid multi-paragraph sections by making each paragraph a separate section and use internal references, if needed. Section 31 of the measure as submitted to this office is a prime example of the improper use of subdivisions. These paragraphs should be made into separate sections which, if approved by voters, may likely be codified as a separate chapter.

We do not use numerals in the drafting of legislation, except for the drafting of special appropriations. Please avoid the use of pronouns whenever possible by using terms such as, voter or candidate, which could be substituted for several of these pronouns. We also write in the active voice and use the singular subject instead of the plural when drafting. The simplest way to accurately state a proposition is the preferred format. Please use short and concise sentences and avoid long complex sentences.

There are sentences and paragraphs within the proposed measure that reflect a discussion on the merits of the measure and the pro and cons of certain stipulations within the measure. It is recommended that language be deleted from the measure whenever possible.

The phrase "but not be limited to" is used several times and should be deleted. The use of this phrase implies that there are other items that are not listed. If it is necessary to provide a list of items to clarify the meaning of the proposed legislation, please list all items that are applicable. The courts, if asked to interpret the meaning of the lists, most likely will determine the list to be all inclusive. The lists should be all inclusive or be deleted.

When drafting bills or amendments we use "may not" instead of "shall not." A negative used with "may" negates the obligation and permission to act and is the stronger prohibition. A negative used with "shall" negates the obligation, but not the permission, to act and therefore is avoided. As you may note, many of sections that previously included "may not" in the existing language, you added a "shall not". We strive for consistency in the usage of terms, when drafting amendments or adding new language.

The first full paragraph on the top of page 22 requires the Secretary of State to provide information from campaign finance disclosure statements submitted to the present. Are you requiring that all historical files that exist be made available electronically? Not knowing how those statements were submitted and maintained, there is a concern as to whether this is feasible and how much it may cost the state to comply with this requirement. Please consider visiting with the Secretary of State regarding this stipulation.

The proposed measure references rules promulgated by the ethics commission, however, no specific rule making authority is granted to the ethics commission. Page 35 of the Legislative Drafting Manual outlines how to provide rule making authority. This is a delegation of the legislative authority to the ethics commission and the rule making authority should be specifically

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described. The courts have ruled it an unconstitutional delegation of legislative authority when done so without limits or standards.

Sections 39 and 40 on page 35 provide an appropriation to the democracy credit fund. S.D. Const., Art. XII, § 2 states that appropriations shall be made by separate bills, each embracing one object, and requires a two-thirds vote of all the members of each branch of the Legislature. The proposed annual appropriation may be unconstitutional.

Severability clauses may be used in other states; however, severability is a long-established doctrine of the South Dakota Supreme Court. This is sometimes referred to as "the doctrine of severability." Section 42 on page 36 as the draft was submitted to this office should be deleted.

Finally, the proposed initiated measure is lengthy. Please keep in mind that the proposed measure along with the Attorney General explanation, instructions to signers, and signature blocks must all fit on a single initiative petition form.

Attached is a copy of your proposed initiated measure with all our suggested style and form changes.

This letter constitutes neither an endorsement of your initiated measure nor a guarantee of its statutory sufficiency. It does constitute fulfillment of your responsibility pursuant to SDCL 12-13-25 to submit your draft to this office for review and comment. If you proceed with your initiated measure, please take care to ensure that your statements or advertising do not imply that this office endorses or approves your proposals.

Sincerety,

Jason Hancock

Director

JH:FB Enc.

cc/enc: The Honorable Shantel Krebs, Secretary of State

The Honorable Marty Jackley, Attorney General

An Act to revise certain provisions concerning campaign finance and lubbying, to create a democracy credit program, to establish an ethics commission, and to make an appropriation therefor.

FOR AN ACT ENTITLED, "The South Dakota Government Accountability and Anti-Corruption Act, an Act to increase accountability to the people of South Dakota in electoral politics and to combat government corruption and its appearance by amending, adding to, and appropriating funds for campaign finance and lobbying law."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA:

Section 1. Name of Act. Short titles are inconsistent with the paradice of codification in South Dakota. Occasionly used for Uniform state Laws. This act may be referred to as the "South Dakota Government Accountability and Anti-Corruption Act."

Section 2. Dindings. Findings or declaration of purpose are rarely used.

The people find and declare that accountability to the people is of the utmost importance in South Dakota's political system. Today, that system does not properly prevent corruption or its appearance and is weakened by: insufficient participation by citizens, who believe that current campaign financing incentives have rendered their role insignificant; rapidly rising costs of elections that force candidates to prioritize special interest donors, often from outside of South Dakota, who have the potential to make large contributions; insufficient and delayed disclosure to the public of relevant information on campaign contributions, political advertising, and paid lobbying; and inadequate enforcement of the laws intended to address these problems.

Section 3. That § 12-27-1 be amended to read as follows:

12-27-1. Definitions Do not show existing catch lines.

Terms used in this chapter mean:

- (1) "Ballot question," any referendum, initiative, proposed constitutional amendment, or other measure submitted to voters at any election;
- (2) "Ballot question committee," a person or organization that raises, collects, or disburses contributions for the placement of a ballot question on the ballot or the adoption or defeat of any ballot question. A ballot question committee is not a person, political committee, or political party that makes a contribution to a ballot question committee. A ballot question committee is not an organization that makes a contribution to a ballot question committee from treasury funds;
- (3) "Candidate campaign committee," any entity organized by a candidate to receive contributions and make expenditures for the candidate. Only one candidate campaign committee may be organized for each candidate;
- (4) "Candidate," any person who seeks nomination for or election to public office, and for the purpose of this chapter a person is deemed a candidate if the person raises, collects, or disburses contributions in excess of five hundred dollars; has authorized the solicitation of contributions or the making of expenditures; or has created a candidate campaign committee for the purpose of

obtaining public office. The person is also deemed a candidate if the person has taken all actions required by state law to qualify for nomination for or election to public office;

- (5) "Clearly identified," the appearance of the name, nickname, a photograph or a drawing of a candidate or public office holder, or the unambiguous reference to the identity of a candidate or public office holder;
- (6) "Contribution," any gift, advance, distribution, deposit, or payment of money or any other valuable consideration, or any contract, promise or agreement to do so; any discount or rebate not available to the general public; any forgiveness of indebtedness or payment of indebtedness by another person; or the use of services or property without full payment made or provided by any person, political committee, or political party whose primary business is to provide such services or property for the purpose of influencing:
 - (a) The nomination, election, or re-election of any person to public office; or

(b) The placement of a ballot question on the ballot or the adoption or defeat of any ballot question submitted.

The term does not include services provided by a person as a volunteer for or on behalf of any candidate, political committee, or political party, including the free or discounted use of a person's residence or office. Nor does the term include the purchase of any item of value or service from any political committee or political party. The purchase price of the item may not exceed the fair market value and may not include an intent to contribute beyond the item's value. A contribution does not include administration and solicitation of a contribution for a political action committee established by an organization and associated expenses, nor the use of an organization's real or personal property located on its business premises for such purposes. A contribution does not include nominal use of a candidate's real or personal property or nominal use of resources available at a candidate's primary place of business;

- (7) "County office," any elected office at a county in this state;
- (8) "Election," any election for public office; any general, special, primary, or runoff election; and any election on a ballot question;

(XX) "Expenditure," includes:

(a) Any purchase, payment, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of money or anything of value, made by any person for the purpose of influencing any election, office or ballot initiative, measure, or question; and . The term includes a

(b) A written contract, promise, or agreement to make an expenditure. However, the

(e) The term "expenditure" does not include:

(i) a communication appearing in a news story, commentary, or editorial or letter to the editor distributed through the facilities of any broadcasting station, newspaper, magazine, or other periodical publication, unless such facilities are owned or controlled by any political party, political committee, or candidate;

- (b) (ii) Any communication by a person made in the regular course and scope of the person's business or ministry or any communication made by a membership organization solely to members of the organization and the members' families;
- (iii) Any communication that refers to any candidate only as part of the popular name of a bill or statute.

(9) "Expressly advocate," any communication which:

- (a) In context has no other reasonable meaning than to urge the election or defeat of one or more clearly identified candidates, public office holders, or the placement of a ballot question on the ballot or the adoption or defeat of any ballot question by use of explicit words of advocacy of election or defeat. The following are examples of words that convey a message of express advocacy: vote, re-elect, support, cast your ballot for, reject, and defeat; or
- (b) If taken as a whole and with limited reference to external events, such as the proximity to the election, may only be interpreted by a reasonable person as containing advocacy of the election or defeat of one or more clearly identified candidates, public office holders, or the placement of a ballot question on the ballot or the adoption or defeat of any ballot question because:
 - (i) The electoral portion of the communication is unmistakable, unambiguous, and suggestive of only one meaning; and
 - (ii) Reasonable minds could not differ as to whether it encourages actions to elect or defeat one or more clearly identified candidates, public office holders, or the placement of a ballot question on the ballot or the adoption or defeat of any ballot question or encourages some other kind of action;
- (10) "Immediate family," a spouse of a candidate or public office holder, or a person under the age of eighteen years who is claimed by that candidate or public office holder or that candidate's or public office holder's spouse as a dependent for federal income tax purposes or any relative within the third degree of kinship of the candidate or the candidate's spouse, and the spouses of such relatives;
- (11) "Independent expenditure," (a) an expenditure, including the payment of money or exchange of other valuable consideration or promise, made by a person, organization, political committee, or political party to expressly advocate the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate or the placement of a ballot question on the ballot or the adoption or defeat of any ballot question, but which is not made to, controlled by, coordinated with, requested by, or made

upon consultation with a candidate, political committee, or agent of a candidate or political committee. The term does not include administration and solicitation of any contribution for a political action committee established by an organization and associated expenses, nor the use of an organization's real or personal property located on its business premises for such purposes. The term does not include any communication by a person made in the regular course and scope of the person's business or ministry or any communication made by a membership organization solely to any member of the organization and the member's family; for a communication by a person, organization, political committee, or political party which is not a contribution and which:

(i) Refers to a clearly identified candidate for state or local elective office or the placement of a ballot question on the ballot or the adoption or defeat of any ballot question; and

candidate or any authorized committee or agent of a candidate and the person making the expenditure or any authorized agent of that person, and is not made in concert with or at the request or suggestion of any candidate or any authorized committee or agent of the candidate; and

(iii) Satisfies at least one of the following standards:

(1) Contains express advocacy, or its functional equivalent, of the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate for office; or

(2) Is disseminated, broadcast or otherwise published within 60 days of the election sought by a candidate, mentions a candidate and targets the candidate's relevant electorate.

the term collected make one into one paragraph

(i) a communication appearing in a news story, commentary, or editorial or letter to the editor distributed through the facilities of any broadcasting station, newspaper, magazine, or other periodical publication, unless such facilities are owned or controlled by any political party, political committee, or candidate;

(ii) any communication by a person made in the regular course and scope of the person's business or ministry or any communication made by a membership organization solely to members of the organization and the members' families;

(iii) Any communication that refers to any candidate only as part of the popular name of a bill or statute. Do not insert periods within a series of susdivisions

(12) "In-kind <u>contribution</u>," <u>the value of</u> a good or service provided at no charge or for less than its fair market value. The term does not include the value of services provided by a person as a volunteer for or on behalf of any candidate, political committee, or political party, including the free or discounted use of any person's residence or office;

- (13) "Legislative office," the Senate and the House of Representatives of the South Dakota Legislature;
- (14) "Loan," a transfer of money, property, guarantee, or anything of value in exchange for an obligation, conditional or not, to repay in whole or part. The outstanding amount of a loan not made in the ordinary course of business and at a usual and normal interest rate is a contribution until repaid.
- (15) "National political party," the organization which is responsible for the day-to-day operation of a political party at the national level, as determined by the Federal Election Commission;
- (16) "Organization," any business corporation, limited liability company, nonprofit corporation, limited liability partnership, limited partnership, partnership, cooperative, trust except a trust account representing or containing only a contributor's personal funds, business trust, association, club, labor union, collective bargaining organization, local, state, or national organization to which a labor organization pays membership or per capita fees, based upon its affiliation and membership, trade or professional association that receives its funds from membership dues or service fees, whether organized inside or outside the state, any entity organized in a corporate form under federal law or the laws of this state, or any group of persons acting in concert which is not defined as a political committee or political party in this chapter;

"Participating Candidate" means a candidate who has been certified by the Pthics commission as qualified to be assigned and redeem Democracy Credits.

(17) Person," a natural person;

(20)

(18) "Political action committee," a person or organization that raises, collects or disburses contributions to influence the outcome of an election and who is not a candidate, candidate campaign committee, ballot question committee, or a political party. A pPolitical action committee is not any does not include to not make changes

(a) A pPerson that makes a contribution to a political committee or political party from his or her own funds; or

(b) An Organization that makes a contribution to a ballot question committee from treasury funds;

"Political committee," any candidate campaign committee, political action committee, or ballot question committee;

(20) "Political party," any state or county political party qualified to participate in a primary or general election, including any auxiliary organization of such political party. An auxiliary organization is any organization designated as an auxiliary organization in the political party's bylaws or constitution except any auxiliary organization that only accepts contributions to support volunteer activities of the organization and does not make monetary or in-kind contributions or any independent expenditures to any political committee;

(21) "Public office," any statewide office, legislative office, or county office;

(XX) "Qualified contribution" means a contribution made by a natural person resident of the state that is not, in the aggregate, in excess of two hundred and fifty dollars (\$250) in the ease of candidate for legislative office, or in excess of five hundred dollars (\$500) in the ease of candidate for statewide office.

(22) "Recognized business entity," any:

- (a) Domestic corporation, limited liability company, nonprofit corporation, limited liability partnership, or cooperative duly registered with the secretary of state as of the first day of January of the current calendar year, and which is currently in good standing;
- (b) Foreign corporation, limited liability company, nonprofit corporation, limited liability partnership, or cooperative duly registered with the secretary of state as of the first day of January of the current calendar year, and which is currently in good standing; or
- (c) Entity organized in a corporate form under federal law.

Recognized business entity does not include a political committee or political party or an is not a recognized business entity. An organization which was established by or is controlled, in whole or in part, by a candidate, political committee, or agent of a candidate or political committee is not a recognized business entity.

(23) "Statewide office," the offices of Governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, attorney general, state auditor, state treasurer, commissioner of school and public lands, and public utilities commissioner;

(23A) "Treasury funds," funds of an organization that were not raised or collected from any other source for the purpose of influencing a ballot question;

(24) "Volunteer," a person who provides his or her own personal services free of charge.

Section 4. That § 12-27-7 be amended to read as follows:

(12-27-7) Limit on contributions to candidates for statewide office--Violation as misdemeanor

If the contributor is a person, no candidate for statewide office or the candidate's campaign committee may accept any contribution which in the aggregate exceeds four thousand dollars during any calendar year. A candidate campaign committee may accept contributions from any candidate campaign committee, political action committee, or political party. (1) No candidate for governor, or the candidate's campaign committee, may accept contributions from a person or political committee which in the aggregate from one source exceeds four thousand dollars (\$4,000) during any calendar year, or contributions from a political party which in the aggregate from one source exceeds forty thousand dollars (\$40,000) during any calendar year.

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No candidate for attorney general or lieutenant governor, or the candidate's campaign committee, may accept contributions from a person or political committee which in the aggregate from one source exceeds two thousand dollars (\$2,000) during any calendar year, or contributions from a political party which in the aggregate from one source exceeds twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) during any calendar year.

(3) No candidate for secretary of state, state auditor, state treasurer, commissioner of school and public lands, or public utilities commissioner, or the candidate's campaign committee, may accept contributions from a person or political committee which in the aggregate from one source exceeds one thousand dollars (\$1,000) during any calendar year, or contributions from a political party which in the aggregate from one source exceeds ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during any calendar year.

(4) No candidate for statewide office may accept a contribution from a ballot question committee.

Funds received by a candidate or candidate's campaign committee by way of redemption of a Democracy Credit shall be considered a contribution from the person who assigned the Democracy Credit to the candidate.

(6) The limitation on any contribution from a person in this section does not apply to any contribution by the candidate or the candidate's immediate family to his or her campaign committee. A violation of this section is a Class 1 misdemeanor.

Section 5. That § 12-27-8 be amended to read as follows:

12-27-8 Limit on contributions to candidates for legislative or county office--Violation as misdemeanor

See LRC cover letter

(1) If the contributor is a person, nNo candidate for legislative or county office or the candidate's campaign committee may accept any contribution which in the aggregate exceeds one thousand dollars during any calendar year. A candidate campaign committee may accept contributions from any candidate campaign committee, political action committee, or political party. contributions from a person or political committee which in the aggregate from one source exceeds seven hundred and fifty dollars (\$750) during any calendar year, or contributions from a political party which in the aggregate from one source exceeds five thousand dollars (\$5,000) during any calendar year.

No candidate for legislative or county office may accept a contribution from a ballot question committee.

(3) Funds received by a candidate or candidate's campaign committee by way of redemption of a Democracy Credit shall be considered a contribution from the person who assigned the Democracy Credit to the candidate.

The limitation on any contribution from a person in this section does not apply to any contribution by the candidate or the candidate's immediate family to his or her campaign committee. A violation of this section is a Class 1 misdemeanor.

Section 6. That § 12-27-9 be amended to read as follows:

12-27-9. Limit on contributions to political action committees--Violation as misdemeanor

If the contributor is a person or an organization, no No political action committee may accept any contribution from a person, organization, political committee or political party which in the aggregate from a single source exceeds ten two thousand dollars (\$2,000) during any calendar year. A political action committee may not accept contributions from a ballot question committee any candidate campaign committee, political action committee, or political party. A violation of this section is a Class 1 misdemeanor.

Section 7. That § 12-27-10 be amended to read as follows:

12-27-10. Limit on contributions to political parties-Violation as misdemeanor

If the contributor is a person, no No political party may accept any contribution from a person or political committee which in the aggregate from a single source exceeds ten five thousand dollars (\$5,000) during any calendar year. A political party may not accept contributions from a ballot question committee any candidate campaign committee, political action committee, or political party. A violation of this section is a Class 1 misdemeanor.

Section 8. That Chapter 12-27 be amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

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A candidate, person holding statewide or legislative office, agent of a candidate or an person holding statewide or legislative office are anothers.

A candidate, person holding statewide or legislative office, agent of a candidate or an person holding statewide or legislative office, or an entity directly or indirectly established, financed, maintained or controlled by or acting on behalf of one or more candidates or persons holding statewide or legislative office, shall not solicit, receive, direct, transfer, or spend funds in connection with an election unless the funds are subject to the limitations, prohibitions, and reporting requirements of this chapter.

Section 9. That Chapter 12-27 be amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

12-27-10.2. Affiliation of committees Do not underscore. Same for sections that

For the purpose of the contribution limits established by §§ 12-27-7. 12-27-8, 12-27-9 and 12-27-10, all committees established, financed, maintained, or controlled by the same corporation, labor organization, person, or group of persons, including any parent, subsidiary, branch, division, department, or local unit thereof, are affiliated and share a single contribution limit both with respect to contributions made and contributions received.

Section 16. That Chapter 12-27 be amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

12-27-10.3. Coordinated expenditures

(1) Any expenditure made by any person, group of persons, political committee or other entity in cooperation, consultation, or concert, with, or at the request or suggestion of, a candidate, his authorized political committees, or their agents, shall be considered to be a candidate. candidate. bythe condidate's,

(2) For the purposes of this section, candidate solicitation or direction of funds for or to a person, group of persons, political committee or other entity constitutes cooperation sufficient to render any subsequent expenditure by such person, group of persons, political committee or other entity in support of that candidate or in opposition to that candidate's opponent to be considered a contribution to such candidate.

(3) The financing of the dissemination, distribution, or republication, in whole or in part, of any broadcast or any written, graphic, or other form of campaign materials prepared by a candidate, the candidate's authorized committee, or an agent of either of the foregoing shall be considered a contribution for the purposes of contribution limitations and reporting responsibilities of the person group of persons, political committee or other entity making the expenditure. The candidate who prepared the campaign material does not receive or accept an in-kind contribution, and is not required to report an expenditure, unless the dissemination, distribution, or republication of campaign materials was done in concert or cooperation with or at the request or suggestion of such candidate. However, the following uses of campaign materials do not constitute a contribution to the candidate who originally prepared the materials:

- (1) (a) The campaign material is disseminated, distributed, or republished by the candidate or the candidate's authorized committee who prepared that material;
- The campaign material is incorporated into a communication that advocates the defeat of the candidate or party that prepared the material; or
- (3) (2) The campaign material is disseminated, distributed, or republished in a news story, commentary, or editorial distributed through the facilities of any broadcasting station, newspaper, magazine, or other periodical publication, unless such facilities are owned or controlled by any political party, political committee, or candidate.

Section 17. That § 12-27-11 be amended to read as follows:

Keep

12-27-11. Name and address of contributor required Occupation and current employer of contributor required for certain contributions - Donation of contributions from unknown sources to charitable organization--Violation as misdemeanor

No person, organization, candidate, political committee, or political party may give or accept a contribution unless the name and residence address of the contributor is made known to the person receiving recipient of the contribution. Any contribution, money, or other thing of value received by a candidate, political committee, or political party from an unknown source shall be donated to a nonprofit charitable organization. No person, organization, candidate, political committee, or political party may accept from a person a contribution of more than five hundred dollars (\$500) in the aggregate in a calendar year unless the occupation and current employer of that person disclosed to the recipient at the time the contribution is made. A violation of this section is a Class 2 misdemeanor.

Section 12. That § 12-27-12 be amended to read as follows:

(12-27-12.) Disguised contributions prohibited Misdemeanor

No person or organization may make a contribution in the name of another person or organization, make a contribution disguised as a gift, make a contribution in a fictitious name, make a contribution on behalf of another person or organization, or knowingly permit another to use that person's or organization's name to make a contribution. No candidate may accept a Section 13. That § 12-27-13 be amond to the section is a Class 1 misdemeanor. contribution disguised as a gift. This section shall not be read to prohibit a person from assigning a Democracy Credit to a Participating Candidate or to prohibit a Participating Candidate from

12-27-13) Personal use prohibited Property purchased with contributions to be property of political committee or party

(1) A contribution received by a candidate or a receipt accepted by any other political committee shall not be converted by any person to personal use.

(2) A contribution or receipt shall be considered to be converted to personal use if the contribution or amount is used to fulfill any commitment, obligation, or expense of a person that would exist irrespective of the candidate's election campaign, person's duties as a holder of elective office, or political committee's political activities, including but not limited to a home mortgage, rent, or utility payment; a clothing purchase; a noncampaign-related automobile expense; a country club membership; a vacation or other noncampaign-related trip; a household food item; a tuition payment; admission to a sporting event, concert, theater, or other form of entertainment not associated with an election campaign; and dues, fees, and other payments to a This list should be all inclusive on be deleted. health club or recreational facility.

Equipment, supplies, and materials purchased with contributions are property of the political committee or political party, and are not property of the candidate or any other person.

Section 14: That § 12-27-15 be amended to read as follows:

(12-27-15.) Printed political communications to contain certain language--Exceptions--Violation as misdemeanor

the communication

Any printed material or communication made, purchased, paid for, or authorized by a candidate, political committee, or political party which expressly advocates for or against a candidate, public office holder, ballot question, or political party shall prominently display or clearly speak the following statement: "Paid for by (Name of candidate, political committee, or political party)." If the communication is made, purchased, paid for, or authorized by a political committee or political party, it shall also state whether or not it was authorized by or coordinated with any candidate and the name of any candidate who authorized the communication or with whom it was coordinated. This section does not apply to buttons, balloons, pins, pens, matchbooks, clothing, or similar small items upon which the inclusion of the statement would be impracticable. A violation of this section is a Class 1 misdemeanor.

Section 15: That § 12-27-16 be amended to read as follows:

12-27-16 Statements to be filed and disclaimers regarding independent expenditures for communications advocating for or against candidate, office holder, ballot question, or political party--Contents--Violation as misdemeanor--Exceptions

The following apply to independent expenditures by individuals persons and organizations related to communications advocating for or against candidates, public office holders, ballot questions, or political parties:

(1) Any person or organization that makes a payment or promise of payment totaling one hundred dollars or more, including an in-kind contribution, for an independent expenditure-communication which expressly advocates for or against a candidate, public office holder, ballot question, or political party shall append to or include in each communication a disclaimer that clearly and forthrightly conspicuously:

(a) Identifies the name and address or website of the person or organization making the independent expenditure-for that communication;

(b) States the address or website address of the person or organization;

RO-Remark destines (eb) States that the communication is an independent expenditure and independently funded and not made in consultation or coordination with any candidate or any authorized committee or agent of the candidate, political party, or political committee, and

> (cd) If the independent expenditure is undertaken by an organization not including a candidate, public office holder, political party, or political committee, then the following notation the communication must also include a clear and conspicuous statement entitled: be included: "Top Five Contributors" followed by a listing of the names of the five persons making the largest contributions in aggregate to an the organization during the twelve months preceding that communication.

A violation of this subdivision is a Class 1 misdemeanor;

(2) Any person or organization that makes a payment or promise of payment of <u>for an independent expenditure aggregating</u> one hundred dollars or more <u>in any calendar year</u>, including an in-kind contribution, <u>for a communication described in subdivision (1)</u> shall file <u>by electronic transmission</u> a statement <u>with the secretary of state</u> within forty-eight hours of the time that the <u>payment or promise of payment is made and each time any additional payment or promise of payment aggregating one-hundred dollars or more is <u>made yeommunication is disseminated</u>, broadcast, or otherwise published; The statement for</u>

(a) The statement for Each person or organization shall include:

(3) The statements required by this section shall include the name, street address, city, and state of the person or organization and, any expenditures made for communications described in subdivision (1) during that calendar year but not yet reported on a prior statement, the name of each candidate, public office holder, ballot question, or political party mentioned or identified in each communication, the amount spent on each communication, and a description of the content of each communication.

(i) The name, street address, city, and state of the person or organization and any expenditures made for the independent expenditure during that calendar year, but not yet reported on a prior statement;

(ii) The elections to which the independent expenditures pertain and name of candidate, ballot question, or political party identified in each independent expenditure;

(iii) The amount spent on each independent expenditure, as well as the name, street address, city, and state of the person or organization paid; and (iv) Whether the independent expenditure was for or against the candidate, ballot question, or political party.

(v) For an organization, the full name, residence address including city and state, occupation, name of employer, and aggregate amount of the payment of each person whose funds were used for the independent expenditure. The identity of the person or persons whose funds were used for the independent expenditures shall be determined as follows:

Any person or persons who made payments in the aggregate in excess of \$100 during that calendar year pursuant to an agreement or understanding that their funds would be used for an independent expenditure shall be identified. A person's payment can only be credited to all independent expenditures up to the amount given in the calendar year.

2. If the funds identified pursuant to section (v) above are insufficient to cover the cost of the independent expenditure, the organization shall report its donors utilizing a last in, first out accounting method, reporting donors in reverse chronological order beginning with the most recent of its donors or, if there are any prior payments or expenditures, beginning with the most recent donor for which unattributed payments remain, until the full amount expended for the independent expenditure is accounted for

(b) Each organization -

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(b) For an organization, the statement shall also include the name and title of the person filing the report, the name of its chief executive, if any, and the name of the person who authorized the expenditures on behalf of the organization;

- (4c) For an organization whose majority ownership is owned by, controlled by, held for the benefit of, or comprised of twenty or fewer persons, partners, owners, trustees, beneficiaries, participants, members, or shareholders, the statement shall also identify by name and address each person, partner, owner, trustee, beneficiary, participant, shareholder, or member who owns, controls, or comprises ten percent or more of the organization;
- (5d) An organization shall also provide supplemental statements, as defined in subdivision (3a), for any of its partners, owners, trustees, beneficiaries, participants, members, or shareholders identified pursuant to subdivision (4e) which are owned by, controlled by, held for the benefit of, or comprised of twenty or fewer persons, partners, owners, trustees, beneficiaries, participants, members, or shareholders, until no organization identified in the supplemental statements meets the ownership test set forth in subdivision (4c);
- (6) For the purposes of this section, the term, communication, does not include:
- (a) Any news articles, editorial endorsements, opinion, or commentary writings, or letter to the editor printed in a newspaper, magazine, flyer, pamphlet, or other periodical not owned or controlled by a candidate, political committee, or political party;
- (b) Any editorial endorsements or opinions aired by a broadcast facility not owned or controlled by a candidate, political committee, or political party;
- (c) Any communication by a person made in the regular course and scope of the person's business or ministry or any communication made by a membership organization solely to members of the organization and the members' families; and

(d) Any communication that refers to any candidate only as part of the popular name of a bill or statute.

Section 16: That § 12-27-17 be deleted.

Please review - Drafting of Legislative Documents or the 2015 Legislative Session for examples

12-27 17 Statements to be filed regarding payments for communications identifying candidate or office holder but not advocating election or defeat. Contents. Exceptions

Any political committee, organization, person, or political party that makes a payment or promise of payment totaling one hundred dollars or more, including an in-kind contribution, for a communication that clearly identifies a candidate or public office holder, but does not expressly advocate the election or defeat of the candidate or public office holder, and that is disseminated, broadcast, or otherwise published, shall file a statement with the secretary of state disclosing the

name, street address, eity, and state of such political committee, organization, person, or political party. The statement shall also include the name of the candidate or public office holder mentioned in the communication, the amount spent on the communication, and a description of the content of the communication. The statement shall be received and filed within forty eight hours of the time that the communication is disseminated, broadcast, or otherwise published.

For the purposes of this section, the term, communication, does not include:

- (1) Any news articles, editorial endorsements, opinion or commentary writings, or letter to the editor printed in a newspaper, magazine, flyer, pamphlet, or other periodical not owned or controlled by a candidate, political committee, or political party;
- (2) Any editorial endorsements or opinions aired by a broadcast facility not owned or controlled by a candidate, political committee, or political party;
- (3) Any communication by a person made in the regular course and scope of the person's business or ministry or any communication made by a membership organization solely to members of the organization and the members' families;
- (4) Any communication that refers to any candidate only as part of the popular name of a bill or statute; and
- (5) Any communication used for the purpose of polling if the poll questions do not expressly advocate for or against a candidate, public office holder, ballot question, or political party.

Section 17: That § 12-27-17.1 be deleted.

Section 17: That & 12-27-1

12 27 17.1. Disclaimers to be included in communications which do not expressly advocate for or against candidate, office holder, ballot question, or political party. Violation as misdemeanor

Any political committee, organization, person, or political party that makes a communication as defined in § 12-27-17, which does not expressly advocate for or against a candidate, public office holder, ballot question, or political party, shall append to or include in each communication a disclaimer that:

- (1) Identifies the political committee, organization, person, or political party making the communication; and
- (2) States the address or website address of the political committee, organization, person, or political party.

If the communication is an independent expenditure made by a person or organization, then the disclaimer shall include the following: "This communication is independently funded and not made in consultation with any candidate, political party, or political committee." If the independent expenditure is undertaken by an organization not including a candidate, public office holder, political party, or political committee, then the following notation must also be

included: "Top Five Contributors" followed by a listing of the names of the five persons making the largest contributions to an organization during the twelve months preceding that communication.

A violation of this section is a Class 1 misdemeanor.

Section 18: That § 12-27-20 be amended to read as follows:

12-27-20. Expenditure of public funds to influence election outcome prohibited

The state, an agency of the state, and the governing body of a county, municipality, or other political subdivision of the state may not expend or permit the expenditure of public funds for the purpose of influencing the nomination or election of any candidate, or for the petitioning of a ballot question on the ballot or the adoption or defeat of any ballot question. This section may not be construed to limit the freedom of speech of any officer or employee of the state or such political subdivisions in his or her personal capacity. This section does not prohibit the state, its agencies, or the governing body of any political subdivision of the state from presenting factual information solely for the purpose of educating the voters on a ballot question, nor shall this the section be interpreted to prohibit the use of any type of state funds for the Democracy Credit Program.

Section 19: That § 12-27-21 be amended to read as follows:

12-27-21. Acceptance of contributions from public entities prohibited--Misdemeanor

No candidate, political committee, or political party may accept any contribution from any state, state agency, political subdivision of the state, foreign government, Indian tribal entity as defined in the Federal Register Vol. 72, No. 55 as of March 22, 2007, federal agency, or the federal government. This section shall not be interpreted to prohibit a candidate or candidate's campaign committee from redeeming or accepting a Democracy Credit. A violation of this section is a Class 1 misdemeanor.

Section 20: That § 12-27-22 be amended to read as follows:

12-27-22. Persons and entities required to file campaign finance disclosure statements--Time for filing-Violation as misdemeanor

A campaign finance disclosure statement shall be filed with the secretary of state by the treasurer of every:

- (1) Candidate or candidate campaign committee for any statewide or legislative office;
- (2) Political action committee;
- (3) Political party; and

(4) Ballot q

(4) Ballot question committee.

The statement shall be signed and filed by the treasurer of the political committee or political party. The statement shall be received by the secretary of state and filed by 5:00 p.m. each February first and shall cover the contributions and expenditures for the preceding calendar year. The statement shall also be received by the secretary of state and filed by 5:00 p.m. on the fifth Tuesday before each primary and general election complete through the fiftieth day prior to that election. The statement shall also be received by the secretary of state and filed by 5:00 p.m. on the second Friday prior to each primary and general election complete through the fifteenth day prior to that election. The statement shall also be received by the secretary of state and filed by 5:00 p.m. on the fourth Friday after each primary and general election complete through second Friday after that election. If a candidate is seeking nomination at the biennial state convention, the candidate or the candidate campaign committee shall file a campaign finance disclosure statement with the secretary of state by 5:00 p.m. on the second Friday prior to any biennial state convention. Any statement filed pursuant to this section shall be consecutive and shall cover contributions and expenditures since the last statement filed.

The following are not required to file a campaign finance disclosure statement:

- (1) A candidate campaign committee for legislative or county office on February first following a year in which there is not an election for the office:
- (2) A county, local, or auxiliary committee of any political party, qualified to participate in a primary or general election, prior to a statewide primary election;
- (3) A legislative or county candidate campaign committee without opposition in a primary election, prior to a primary election;
- (4) A candidate campaign committee whose name is not on the general election ballot, prior to the general election; and is not required to file a campaign finance disclosure statement.
- (52) A political committee that regularly files a campaign finance disclosure statement with another state or the Federal Election Commission or a report of contributions and expenditures with the Internal Revenue Service.

A violation of this section is a Class 1 misdemeanor.

Section 21: That § 12-27-24 be amended to read as follows:

12-27-24. Contents of campaign finance disclosure statement

A campaign finance disclosure statement shall include the following information, regardless of whether it has previously been included in a timely contribution disclosure statement required by § 12-27-24.1:

- (1) Political committee or political party name, street address, postal address, city, state, zip code, daytime and evening telephone number, and e-mail address;
- (2) Type of campaign statement (<u>fifth Tuesday</u> pre-primary, <u>second Friday pre-primary</u>, <u>fourth Friday post-primary</u>, <u>fifth Tuesday</u> pre-general, <u>second Friday pre-general</u>, <u>fourth Friday post-general</u>, mid-year, year-end, amendment, supplement, or termination);
- (3) If a ballot question committee, the ballot question number and whether the committee is for or against the measure;
- (4) The balance of cash and cash equivalents on hand at the beginning of the reporting period;
- (5) The total amount of all contributions received during the reporting period;
- (6) The total amount of all in-kind contributions received during the reporting period;
- (7) The total of refunds, rebates, interest, or other income not previously identified during the reporting period;
- (8) The total of contributions, loans, and other receipts during the reporting period;
- (9) The total value of loans made to any person, political committee, or political party during the reporting period;
- (10) The total of expenditures made during the reporting period;
- (11) The total amount of all expenditures incurred but not yet paid, detailed in an itemized list. An expenditure incurred but not yet paid shall be reported on each report filed after the date of receipt of goods or services until payment is made to the vendor. A payment shall be listed as an expenditure when the payment is made;
- (12) The statement shall state the cash balance on hand as of the close of the reporting period;
- (13) The total amount of contributions of one two hundred dollars or less in the aggregate from one source received during the calendar year reporting period;
- (14) The name, residence address, city, and state of each person contributing a contribution of more than one two hundred dollars in the aggregate during the calendar year reporting period and the amount of the contribution, as well as the occupation and name of employer of each person contributing a contribution of more than five hundred dollars in the aggregate during the calendar year. Any contribution from any political committee or political party shall be itemized. Any contribution from a federal political committee or political committee organized outside this state shall also include the name and internet website address of the filing office where campaign finance disclosure statements are regularly filed for the committee. If all of the information required is not on file, the political committee or political party may not deposit the contribution;

- (15) The statement shall contain the same information for in-kind contributions as for monetary contributions, and shall also include a description of the in-kind contribution;
- (16) Upon the request of the treasurer, a person making an in-kind contribution shall provide all necessary information to the treasurer, including the value of the contribution;
- (17) Any monetary or in-kind contribution made by the reporting political committee or political party to any political committee, political party, or nonprofit charitable organization shall be itemized;
- (18) A categorical description and the amount of the refunds, rebates, interest, sale of property, or other receipts not previously identified during the reporting period;
- (19) A categorical description and the amount of funds or donations by any organization to its political committee for establishing and administering the political committee and for any solicitation costs of the political committee;
- (20) The total balance of loans owed by the political committee or political party;
- (21) The balance of loans owed by the political committee or political party, itemized by lender's name, street address, city, and state, including the terms, interest rate, and repayment schedule of each loan;
- (22) The total balance of loans owed to the political committee or political party;
- (23) The amount of each loan made during the reporting period. The name, street address, city, and state of the recipient of the loan;
- (24) The balance of each loan owed to the political committee or political party, itemized by name, street address, city, and state;
- (25) The expenditures made during the reporting period shall be categorized. Disbursements to consultants, advertising agencies, credit card companies, and similar firms shall be itemized into expense categories. Any contribution made by the reporting political committee or political party that is not in exchange for any item of value or service shall be itemized;
- (26) The expenditures incurred but not yet paid during the reporting period and to whom the expenditure is owed;
- (27) The amount of each independent expenditure, as defined in this chapter, made during the reporting period, the name of the candidate, public office holder, or ballot question related to the expenditure and a description of the expenditure;
- (28) The information contained in any statement provided under § 12-27-19; and

(29) The statement shall include a certification that the contents of the statement is true and correct signed by the treasurer of the political committee or political party.

Section 22. That Chapter 12-27 be amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

12-27-24.1. Timely contribution disclosure statements

(1) Content of report. When a candidate campaign committee for any statewide or legislative office, political action committee, political party, or ballot question committee has accepted contributions in the aggregate of more than five hundred dollars in the calendar year, the treasurer of that political committee or political party is required to file a timely contribution disclosure statement by electronic transmission with the secretary of state. Further timely contribution disclosure statements must be filed each time new contributions accepted in that same calendar year from that same source exceed five hundred dollars in the aggregate. A timely contribution disclosure statement is intended to provide the public with prompt and basic information about the sources of sizeable contributions, and shall include the following:

fa) If the contributor is a person, the amount and date of the contribution in the aggregate as well as the person's full name, residence address including city and state, occupation and name of employer.

(b) If the contributor is a political committee or political party, the amount and date of the contribution in the aggregate as well as the name of the political committee or political party and its registered street address including city and state.

(2) Timing of filing. A timely contribution disclosure statement shall be filed with the secretary of state by electronic transmission within five business days after the day of the receipt of the contribution. If a contribution is received within twenty days of a South Dakota primary, general, or special election, the filing shall be made within twenty-four hours of the time of the receipt of the contribution. A political committee or political party does not have to file a report within twenty-four hours of the receipt of a contribution received within twenty days of a special election if the political committee or political party has not made any expenditures in connection with that special election.

Section 23: That § 12-27-29.1 be amended to read as follows:

12-27-29.1. Administrative penalty for failure to timely file statement, amendment, or correction

In addition to any other penalty or relief provided under this chapter, the secretary of state or the Ethics Commission, after notice and opportunity for hearing pursuant to chapter 1-26, may impose an administrative penalty for the failure to timely file any statement, amendment, or correction required to be filed by this chapter. The administrative penalty is fifty dollars per day for each violation not to exceed three thousand dollars. However, if the violation is made by a county political party or auxiliary, the administrative penalty is ten dollars per day for each violation not to exceed six hundred dollars. Any administrative penalty collected pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the state general fund.

Section 24: That § 12-27-35 be amended to read as follows:

12-27-35. Investigation and prosecution of violations by attorney general - Civil actions

The attorney general shall investigate violations of the provisions of this chapter relating to a legislative office, statewide office, or statewide ballot question and prosecute any violation thereof. In lieu of bringing a criminal action, the attorney general may elect to file a civil action. In a civil action, in addition to other relief, the court may impose a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed ten thousand dollars for each violation. Any civil penalty recovered shall be paid to the state general fund. A civil action brought by the attorney general shall be commenced in Hughes County, in the county where the person resides, or in the county where the organization, political party, or political committee has its principal office.

Section 25: That § 12-27-36 be amended to read as follows:

12-27-36. Access to records by attorney general and Ethics Commission -- Violation as misdemeanor

The attorney general <u>and Ethics Commission</u> may, for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this chapter, inspect or examine any political committee or political party records required to be maintained by this chapter. It is a Class 1 misdemeanor for any person having charge, control, or possession of political committee or political party records to neglect or refuse the attorney general <u>or Ethics Commission</u> reasonable access to any records required to be maintained by this chapter which are necessary to enforce the provisions of this chapter.

Section 26: That § 12-27-37 be amended to read as follows:

12-27-37. Confidentiality of records

The attorney general <u>and Ethics Commission</u> shall keep each record inspected or examined confidential except when the records are used to enforce provisions of this chapter associated with a criminal or civil action.

Section 27. That § 12-27-41 be amended to read as follows:

12-27-41. Filing by electronic transmission of this Act

Any setatements required to be filed under this chapter may be filed by electronic transmission shall be filed in accordance with the methods approved by the secretary of state under the requirements of § 12-27-41.1. The treasurer of a candidate campaign committee for any statewide or legislative office, political action committee, political party, or ballot question committee is required to file by electronic transmission with the secretary of state the campaign finance disclosure statements required under § 12-27-22, if the political committee or political party has received contributions in the aggregate of one thousand dollars or more during the period covered by the statement. If a political committee or political party is required by this

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Chapter to file a statement by electronic transmission, the secretary of state shall not accept nor consider filed any statement that uses handwriting as input, aside from a signature. Any statement or disclosure not required to be filed by electronic transmission may be filed by electronic transmission if the filer so chooses. in accordance with the methods approved by the secretary of state

To be timely filed, any statement received by electronic transmission shall be legible and readable when received by the means it was delivered.

Section 28. That Chapter 12-27 be amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

12-27-41.1.) Duties of the secretary of state regarding filing by electronic transmission-

The secretary of state shall ensure that political committee and political party treasurers need only a commonly used internet web browser to properly submit the campaign finance disclosure statements required under § 12-27-22, the timely contribution disclosure statements required under § 12-27-22.1, and any other campaign finance information required to be filed by electronic transmission by this chapter. The secretary of state shall develop a secure method for electronically signing statements. The methods provided to treasurers by the secretary of state to file by electronic transmission shall when feasible facilitate bulk itemized data submission using a standardized format prescribed by the secretary of state. The secretary of state shall provide training materials for filing required statements by electronic transmission including but not limited to video tutorials that may be downloaded or viewed free of charge through a website interface.

The secretary of state shall have the authority to grant brief extensions with no penalty for filing by electronic transmission in the event of prolonged circumstances outside the control of the secretary of state or a treasurer that make electronic filing unfeasible.

Section 29. That Chapter 12-27 be amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

Note: Please make sure all cross references to this section are made correctly

12-27-41.1 Public electronic disclosure of campaign finance information

The secretary of state shall make the information contained in the campaign finance disclosure statements and timely contribution disclosure statements that have been filed by electronic transmission available to the public in an open format that:

- (1) Is retrievable, downloadable, indexable, and electronically searchable by commonly used Internet search applications
- (2) Is platform independent and machine readable.
- (3) <u>Is available free of charge and without any restriction that would impede the non-commercial reuse or redistribution of the public record.</u>
- (4) Employs a descriptive and uniform naming system, and

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(5) Retains the data definitions and structure present when the data was compiled, if applicable.

The secretary of state shall also provide to the public free of charge a bulk data download file of the contribution information contained in all campaign finance disclosure statements submitted up to the present, complete with annotation of amended information. This file shall be offered in an open, platform independent, and machine readable format that when appropriate displays information in an itemized and non-duplicated manner. The same shall be provided, but in a separate file for the contribution information contained in all timely contribution disclosure statements submitted up to the present

28. Section 30. That Chapter 12-27 be amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

12-27-46. South Dakota Democracy Credit Fund

(1) There is hereby created in the State Treasury a special, dedicated, non-lapsing fund to be known as the "Democracy Credit Fund." Moneys appropriated, deposited, or paid into this fund shall not lapse at any time or be transferred to any other fund and shall be continuously available to the Ethics Commission for expenditure in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, including for the purposes of:

(a) providing funds to the election campaigns of Participating Candidates in exchange for redeemed Democracy Credits: and Gn

(b) paying for the administrative and enforcement costs of the Ethics Commission and other state staff or vendors related to the administration of the Democracy Credit The state may Program. accept and expend for the purposes of section 28 to 49 inclusive, of this Act any funds from appropriations or any other squire. Interest earned on the money in the fund shall be deposited in the fund shall include without

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limitation: unspent Democracy Credit funds distributed to any Participating Candidate who does not remain a candidate until the election for which they were distributed, or such funds that remain unspent by a Participating Candidate following the date of the election for which they were distributed; voluntary donations made directly to the Democracy Credit Fund; other funds appropriated by the state; any interest generated by the Democracy Credit Fund; and any other (see above) sources of revenue determined as necessary by the state.

(3) The total amount of revenue in the Democracy Credit Fund shall not exceed at any time twelve million dollars (\$12,000,000). In order to comply with this limitation, funds exceeding this limit that would otherwise be deposited in the Democracy Credit Fund shall instead be deposited in the state general fund.

29 Section 31. That Chapter 12-27 be amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

12-27-47. South Dakota Democracy Credit Program

(1) Establishment of Program and Purpose. The South Dakota Democracy Credit Program ("Program") is hereby established. The purposes of the program are to minimize corruption or the appearance of corruption in government; to promote broad, diverse, fair, and undistorted influence and participation by South Dakotans in state electoral politics; to better inform the public about candidates running for office; and to promote meaningful and open discussion of political issues in the context of electoral politics. The people find that candidates are raising less money in small contributions from individuals and more money from special interests, especially those from out of state. This has created the public perception that individuals have an insignificant role to play in the political process. The South Dakota Democracy Credit Program is intended to counteract this problem. The ethics commission shall provide the persons

section 30.

(2) Issuance of Democracy Credits. On the first business day in January of every even-numbered year, the Ethics Commission shall mail to each person who was by the previous December 1st, Pinst duly registered to vote in the state, at his or her address in the voter registration records, two Democracy Credits valued at fifty dollars each, accompanied by instructions for the assignment of Democracy Credits and information about the Democracy Credit Program, except that the However the Ethics Commission may deliver Democracy Credits online or in other manners if the person to be issued the Democracy Credits elects other manner of delivery as provided in this chapter. Sections 28 to 47
Thereafter the Ethios Commission in the chapter of the control of the chapter of the control of the chapter of the chapter of the control of the chapter of the chapt Thereafter the Ethics Commission shall on the first and eleventh business day of every month in that election year issue two Democracy Predits valued at fifty dollars each to any person not yet issued Democracy Credits in that election year who becomes a duly registered voter in the state after the previous December first and before October first of the election year. Any registered voter may request that their Democracy Credits be mailed to an address other than that indicated in the voter registration records for be delivered at the office of the Ethics Commission. No person who is not a resident and registered voter of the state, no corporation or other non-human entity, and no person ineligible to make political contributions under federal or state law, may receive a Democracy Credit.

(3) Form of Democracy Credits. Each Democracy Credit shall state the holder's name, a unique and non sequential Democracy Credit identification number, and the election year for which the Democracy Credit is valid; shall provide a space for the holder to designate the name and office (3) sought of the candidate to whom he or she chooses to assign the Democracy Credit; shall require the holder to enter his or her date of birth, as well as any other verification information required by the Ethics Commission by rule that is reasonable and not overly burdensome for the holder to provide, in a designated area on the Democracy Credit for verification purposes; and shall (4) provide a blank space for the holder to sign and date these words of assignment and agreement in in substantially the following form: "I attest that I am a registered voter and resident of the State of South Dakota. I attest that I obtained this Democracy Credit properly and make this assignment freely, voluntarily and without duress or in exchange for any payment of any kind for this assignment, and not for any consideration of any kind, and that I am aware that assignment does not guarantee availability of funds and is irrevocable. I understand that assignment is complete upon delivery to the South Dakota Ethics Commission, the named candidate, or her or his candidates registered representative. I understand that sale transfer for consideration of this Democracy Predit is strictly prohibited. I understand that if I have been approached by a person attempting to collect Democracy Credits on behalf of a Participating Candidate, that they must carry on their person and produce upon request official documentation showing they have been certified by the

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Ethics Commission as a registered representative of the Participating Candidate. I understand that a Democracy Credit may be redeemed only by Participating Candidates and only if such candidate has complied with all applicable campaign finance laws and if funds are available." A Democracy Credit (as well as any attached instructions) shall contain the following statement or substantially the same: "In order to redeem the Democracy Credit you are assigning, a candidate must be or become a Participating Candidate and not be or become ineligible to redeem Democracy Credits. You may check on the eligibility status of any candidate by calling the South Dakota Ethics Commission or visiting its website," followed by the phone number of the Ethics Commission office line for this purpose and the direct address to the section of the Ethics Commission website detailing current candidate eligibility. A Democracy Credit may include additional information the Ethics Commission deems helpful for verifying signatures such as a voter identification number and barcode.

Assignment of Democracy Credits. Democracy Credits are only transferable or assignable as stated herein. Only the voter to whom the Democracy Credit was issued by the Ethics Commission may assign the Democracy Credit. A voter assigns a Democracy Credit by writing the name of the assignee candidate, signing by hand or by secure electronic signature the holder's name, providing all verification information required by this section and by Ethies and the Signed and dated Democracy Credit where indicated thereon, and delivering the signed and dated Democracy Credit to the candidate, or to the Ethics Commission, or to any candidate's representative who shall be registered for this purpose with the Ethics Commission. Delivery may be by mail, in person (by any person the holder requests to deliver the Democracy Credit), or electronically via a secure online system developed and implemented by the Ethics Section 3. Commission or a duly contracted party. The Ethics Commission shall establish a secure online - However is system for assignment of Democracy Credits no later than December 31, 2017, unless the Ethics Commission determines this target date is not practicable; and in any event no later than the commission December 31, 2019. The Ethics Commission may also develop a secure online system for issuance of Democracy Credits to registered voters in the state if it so elects. The name, address, and any other information that reveals the identity of a voter who is issued or assigns a Democracy Credit, insofar as that information exists apart from proper inclusion in a campaign finance disclosure statement as described under § 12-27-24, shall not be disclosed to the public and shall be kept private by the Ethics Commission and any other government agency involved in the proceedings of the Democracy Oredit Program. Information that does not identify a voter and that is descriptive of the general or specific functioning of the Program, such as the number of Democracy Credits assigned to and redeemed by all or specific candidates or the date of assignment of Democracy Credits, is intended for public disclosure.

(5) Limitations on Assignment of Democracy Credits.

provided in Section 34

(a) A person may only assign a Democracy Credit to a condition.

(a) A person may only assign a Democracy Credit to a candidate who has been certified as a Participating Candidate as described below. No Democracy Credit may be assigned after the day of the general election in the year the Democracy Credit was issued, or to any candidate who has not yet been certified as a Participating Candidate, loses status as a Participating Candidate, or becomes unqualified for the position sought. A candidate or registered candidate representative may seek assignment in person, by mail (including by providing to voters prepaid and preaddressed envelopes through which to deliver their

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assigned Democracy Credits), or through registered representatives or by assisting a voter to access the secure online system implemented by the Ethics Commission. A valid assignment is irrevocable. A person may assign any number of his or her Democracy Credits to the same candidate in a given year. Assignment or transfer of a Democracy Credit for cash or any consideration is prohibited. Offering to purchase, buy or sell a Democracy Credit is prohibited. Offering to purchase or buy a Democracy Credit is a public of Class 1 misdemeanor. No person may gift a Democracy Credit to another person, except by assigning it to a candidate as provided herein. Democracy Credits have no cash value and are not assets, income or property of the holder. A Democracy Credit may not be assigned by proxy, power of attorney or by an agent.

section 35

(b) A Democracy Credit expires if the holder is no longer a registered voter and resident in the state, or no longer of not eligible to make political contributions under state or federal law, if such circumstances take place prior to the assignment to a Participating Candidate. The holder of a Democracy Credit assumes the risk that he or she may change his or her mind after assignment, or that the Democracy Credit may not have use or be redeemed due to any contingency, including but not limited to unavailability of Program funds; the assignee candidate becoming ineligible to further redeem Democracy Credits for reasons including, but not limited to, the candidate's reaching his or her applicable Candidate Democracy Credit Redemption Limit"; a candidate's death, disqualification, dropping out, failure to redeem or use the Democracy Credit; or otherwise.

(6) Candidate Eligibility for Democracy Credit Program; Certification as a Participating

Section 36.

Only a candidate who has filed with the Ethics Commission for participation in the Democracy Credit Program may receive assignment of a Democracy Credit. Only a candidate certified as a Participating Candidate by the Ethics Commission may redeem a Democracy Credit. Only a person eligible for and seeking legislative office in South Dakota-shall be eligible to file for Program participation in the years 2017 and 2018. After the year 2018, only a person eligible for and seeking statewide or legislative office in South Dakota shall be eligible to file for Program participation. The Ethics Commission shall determine by rule if and when candidates running in a special election may participate in the Program.

sections

(b) Requirements for Program. To be certified by the Ethics Commission as a Participating Candidate a candidate seeking election to statewide or legislative office shall file with the Ethics Commission, on or after July 1st the year before an election year and within two weeks after filing a declaration of candidacy, a sworn statement in a format provided by the Ethics Commission attesting to his or her intent to participate in the Program, asserting that the candidate shall timely file or has filed a declaration of candidacy for the office indicated, and that the candidate shall comply with Program requirements and applicable campaign laws. Such Program requirements are that the candidate:

the candidates

(1) May

<u>(i) shall not expend, contribute or lend to the candidate's own controlled committee personal funds in excess of two thousand dollars if he or she is a candidate for statewide office, or one thousand dollars if he or she is a candidate for legislative office;</u>

(2) May
(iii) shall not solicit, receive, direct, or otherwise coordinate receipt or spending of funds in connection with the candidate's election other than Democracy Credits and Qualified Contributions; and

(3) May
(iii) shall not make contributions using funds received through redemption of
Democracy Credits to another political committee or a political party.

(iv) if the candidate is a candidate for Governor, agree to drop out of the Program and return any unspent funds received through Democracy Credits within three weeks of official selection of his or her lieutenant governor running mate if that lieutenant governor running mate does not before those three weeks have elapsed agree to Program requirements (i), (ii) and (iii), listed above of this section

C) Candidates for lieutenant governor may not become Participating Candidates unless the their Governor candidate running mate has already become a Participating Candidate.

Democracy Credits assigned to and redeemed by a Participating Candidate for lieutenant governor shall be considered to be redeemed by his or her Participating Candidate running mate for Governor.

Ethics Commission as a Participating Candidate eligible to solicit, accept, and redeem Democracy Officity, candidates for statewide and legislative office shall demonstrate to the Ethics Commission that they have not spent any funds directed at an upcoming election that were raised from contributions that are not Qualified Contributions, and shall also demonstrate, using a form prescribed by the Ethics Commission, that they have received the following number of Qualified Contributions of at least ten dollars (\$10) each, each contributed by a separate person, as well as the signature, full name, address, and if the care of a candidate for South Dakota legislature, at least twenty-five (25); in the case of a candidate for Statewide office other than the office of Governor, at least one hundred dollars and (100); in the case of a candidate for Governor, at least two hundred (200); ad allars

The Ethics Commission shall maintain an interactive, easily searchable and current list of Participating Candidates, sortable by name, office sought, district, and party, and make it readily accessible to the public, including by publishing it in a conspicuous location on the Ethics Commission's website. This list shall be designed to facilitate viewing on the full range of common screen sizes of internet devices, including mobile devices.

(f) Loss of Participating Candidate status. A candidate loses status as a Participating Candidate by publicly announcing withdrawal, abandoning the race, or if the Ethics Commission finds sufficient material violations of election laws or Program requirements

such as violation of contribution limits, or fraudulent or attempted fraudulent assignment of Democracy Credits.

(7) Solicitation and collection of Democracy Credits. He candidate

(a) Participating Candidates are permitted to solicit and collect Democracy Credits that have been properly assigned to them. Registered representatives are permitted to solicit and collect Democracy Credits that have been properly assigned to the Participating Candidate of whom they are a registered representative. Only volunteers may become registered representatives of a Participating Candidate, and no person may be compensated to solicit and collect Democracy Credits as a registered representative. Inorder to become a registered representative of a Participating Candidate person must file with and affirm their understanding of the regulations and penalties associated with the Program to the Ethics Commission in a manner to be specified by the Ethics Commission by rule. The Ethics Commission shall give to these persons who successfully become registered representatives a standardized and personalized form of documentation confirming registered representative status, able to be carried upon their person. A registered representative must early this documentation on their person when soliciting or collecting Democracy Credits, and present it upon request to people from whom they are soliciting or accepting Democracy Credits. A person is not

(1) The following shall not be considered soliciting or accepting a Democracy Credit of the person:

discussing Democracy Credits or the Program, suggesting that another person can or should assign their Democracy Credit to a certain Participating Candidate, assisting another with learning about the Program or the proper method to assign a Democracy Credit; or any other speech or discussion about Democracy Credits or the Program that does not involve or relate to any coercion as well as any gift, advance, distribution, deposit, or payment of money or any other valuable consideration.

(8) Redemption of Democracy Credits.

The treasurer of a candidate committee shall make and keep copies of all physical Democracy Credits received. The Ethics Commission shall by rule set forth the manner in which candidates, their candidate committees and their treasurers, and registered representatives may send or deliver physical Democracy Credits assigned to the candidate that have been received by the foregoing.

determine

(b) The Ethics Commission shall redeem Democracy Credits only after verifying the assignment by ensuring the Democracy Credit was assigned to a Participating Candidate, and verifying, in a manner including but not limited to verifying signatures and dates of birth, that the Democracy Credit was assigned by the voter to whom it was issued. The office of the Secretary of State and all county auditors shall give the Ethics Commission access to the voter registration lists and other information necessary for purposes of verification. The Ethics Commission shall strive for prompt verification of assigned Democracy Credits. The Ethics Commission shall redeem a Democracy Credit within three business days of verification by transferring fifty dollars from the Democracy

Credit Pund to the campaign committee of the Participating Candidate who redeemed the Democracy Credit. A Democracy Credit may not be redeemed by any candidate other than the one to whom it was assigned by the holder issued the Democracy Credit.

(c) Candidate Democracy Credit Redemption Limits. A Participating Candidate shall be eligible to receive no more than the following amounts in Democracy Credit funds during a single election year, called "Candidate Democracy Credit Redemption Limits": in the case of a candidate for South Dakota Senate or House of Representatives, fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000); in the case of a candidate for South Dakota Commissioner of School and Public Lands, fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000); in the case of a candidate for South Dakota Treasurer, twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000); in the case of a candidate for South Dakota Auditor, fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000); in the case of a candidate for South Dakota Public Utilities Commissioner, seventy-five thousand dollars (\$75,000); in the case of a candidate for South Dakota Attorney General, one hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars (\$175,000); and in the case of a candidate for Governor of South Dakota, seven hundred thousand dollars (\$700,000).

(d) Participating Candidates running for the following categories of office become ineligible to further redeem Democracy Credits if the total amount redeemed during that year by all candidates running for the same category of office reaches the following amounts: in the case of all candidates, grouped together, for South Dakota legislative office, six million dollars (\$6,000,000); in the case of all candidates, grouped together, for South Dakota Commissioner of School and Public Lands, Preasurer, Auditor, Public Utilities Commissioner, Secretary of State, and Attorney General, one million five hundred thousand dollars (\$1,500,000); and in the case of all candidates for Governor of South Dakota, four million dollars (\$4,000,000).

(9) Limits on Use of Democracy Credit Proceeds. Candidates shall use Democracy Credit proceeds only for campaign costs or debts for the relevant office and election cycle, and may not use such proceeds after a reasonable period (to be set by the Ethics Commission) following the election to pay campaign debts. Candidates shall not use Democracy Credit proceeds for any cash payments or in violation of any law, nor to pay the candidate; nor to pay any entity in which the candidate or an immediate family member holds in aggregate a ten percent or greater ownership interest; nor to pay any amount over fair market value for any services, goods, facilities or things of value; nor to pay any penalty or fine; nor to pay any inaugural costs or post-election officeholder costs.

(10) Return of Democracy Credit Proceeds. A candidate who has redeemed a Democracy Credit, then withdraws, dies, becomes ineligible, loses Participating Candidate status, is eliminated in a primary election, is eliminated in a special election, or is eliminated in or wins a general election, shall within a reasonable period, as defined by the Ethies Commission, pay all debts and obligations, account to the Ethics Commission and restore to the Ethics Commission and the Program "Unspent Democracy Credit Proceeds." The Ethics Commission shall define "Unspent Democracy Credit Proceeds." The Candidate shall return remit any unspent democracy Credit Proceeds to the ethics Commission have within and menths after all depts and obligations have been settled.

Section

(11) Adjustment to Program Rules. Tauthority, may adopt rules for the Prestablished in this section, if the Con

shall promulgate rules, pursuant to dipter 1-26, regarding:

(11) Adjustment to Program Rules. The South Dakota Ethics Commission, under its rulemaking authority, may adopt rules for the Program that are in addition to or in lieu of the rules established in this section, if the Commission determines that such additional or different rules are necessary to effectuate the identified purposes of the Program. The Commission shall issue written findings regarding the need for any additional or different rule that it adopts.

Section 32. That Chapter 12-27 be amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

12-27-48. South Dakota Ethics Commission

(1) There is hereby established the South Dakota Ethics Commission, an independent commission to prevent corruption and its appearance, to protect the integrity of the democratic process, to ensure that state ethics laws are not violated, and to administer the Democracy Credit Fund and Program. Fonthe purpose of sections 50 to 58 inclusive, of this tef the term, commission, means the South Dakota Ethics commission.

(2) Membership. The Commission shall have five members. Members shall be chosen on the basis of their experience, integrity, impartiality, and good judgment. Not more than two of the members may be affiliated with the same political party. No member of the Commission may be a state employee or an elected or appointed official of the state or local government. No member may be a registered lobbyist. Perstered pursuant to change any of its political subdivisor

(3) Appointments and Terms. The initial members of the commission shall be appointed no later than January 31, 2006, and all appointments to the board mode there. than January 31, 2016, and all appointments to the board made thereafter are to be made by January thirty-first of each year. Members of the commission shall serve for a single term of six years, except that of the members first appointed: three members, not presently or generally affiliated with the same political party, shall be appointed by the Governor for terms ending in three years, with one (1) chosen from a list of nominees, ordered by preference, that shall be supplied by the state senate majority leader, one (1) chosen from a list of nominees, ordered by preference, that shall be supplied by the state senate minority leader, and one chosen from a list of nominees, ordered by preference, that shall be jointly agreed upon and supplied by the state senate majority and minority leaders, and two (2) of the members, not presently or generally affiliated with the same political party, shall be appointed by the Governor for terms ending in six years, with both chosen from a list of nominees, ordered by preference, that shall be jointly agreed upon and supplied by the presidents of the University of South Dakota and South Dakota State University. If the Governor fails to make any appointment to the Ethies-Commission by the date indicated above, those nominees in the relevant supplied list shall be automatically appointed in order of indicated preference as necessary to fill the commission.

Any vacancy on the commission shall be filled in the same manner as the initial appointment and court the must be made within thirty days of the vacancy. A vacancy occurring prior to the end of the commissioner's term shall be filled for the remainder of the term and shall count as that appointee's single allowable term. All appointed members of the board shall file with the secretary of state an oath in the form prescribed by § 3-1-5.

(4) Voting Requirements. Except where expressly provided otherwise, all decisions of the Commission with respect to the exercise of its duties and powers under the provisions of this Act shall be made by a majority vote of the members of the Commission.

sections 50 to 58 ; inclusive,

Section 54.

(5) Appointment and Authority of Chair. The members of the Commission shall select a chair by majority vote for each calendar year. The chair shall have the authority to call meetings of the Commission, sign documents on behalf of the Commission, and take other administrative actions necessary to carry out the decisions of the Commission made by majority vote. The chair may delegate his of her duties as chair to another member of the Commission. Any decision or action by the chair may be overruled by majority vote of the members. If the Chair will not call a meeting, meeting of the Commission may be called by two or more members.

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(6) Commissioner compensation. Commissioners shall receive a per diem of fifty dollars per day for days when the Commissioner is carrying out his or her duties as a member of the Commission, to be paid from the budget of the Commission.

(7) Commission staff. The Commission shall have the power to hire staff and contract employees as necessary to carry out its duties and responsibilities.

(8) Authority of the Commission. The Commission has primary responsibility for the impartial, effective administration and implementation of this Act, including:

sections 50 to 58, inclusive,

- Implementing and administering the Democracy Credit Program established by this chapter, including but not limited to: sections 28 to 49, inclusive, of this Act by
- (a) (i) Making regulations, defining terms, establishing other rules or promulgating rules, and establishing other administrative regulations or guidelines in furtherance of its responsibilities and not inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter;
 - (b) (ii) Prior to each election cycle, informing the public about Democracy Credits and the Program;
 - (c) (iii) Publishing appropriate guidebooks for candidates and Democracy Credit recipients, and all forms, instructions, brochures and documents necessary and proper for this Program;
 - (iv) Promptly after the effective date of this section, projecting Democracy Credit
 Program revenue, expenditures, and Democracy Credit Program Funds ("Program
 Funds") balances five years into the future, and revising and updating such
 projections regularly;
 - (e) (w) Managing Democracy Credit Program funds as a fiduciary, ensuring proper accumulation and distribution of funds, during nonelection and election years, to achieve Program purposes and goals;
 - (f) (vi) Managing the budget of the Ethics Commission as a fiduciary, ensuring proper accumulation and distribution of funds, during nonelection and election years, to achieve the purposes of this section;

(vii) By January 1st of each state election year, publishing an Available Program Funds Limit for that year for Democracy Credit redemptions, using best efforts to reasonably project and ensure that adequate Program Funds are available for that election year consistent with this chapter, its goals and purposes and all reasonably foreseeable circumstances and contingencies; and

(h) _(viii) During any state election year, as soon as receiving or reasonably believing it shall receive Democracy Credits for redemption in excess of the Available Heat the Program Funds Limit for that year, publicly announcing that Democracy Credit Program Funds are no longer available and setting a prompt deadline date for assigned Democracy Efedit delivery, following which the Ethics Commission shall consider Democracy Credits received and shall allocate remaining available Program Funds proportionately per delivered but unredeemed verified Democracy Credits on hand, pro rata among all Participating Candidates for all offices without discrimination.

(2) (b) Issuing recommendations to public agencies to minimize corruption and its appearance and promote trust in the government. The commission may make recommendations to the Legislature, constitutional officers, and other government officials on legislation and policies that would provide public trust

(3) (e) Review of reports and records. To ensure compliance with the law, the Commission shall review all reports and statements required to be filed under campaign finance and lobbying law and may audit the records of entities required to file reports and statements.

(4) (d) Investigation and Enforcement: State laws and regulatives.

If the Commission, upon receiving a complaint or on the basis of information

ascertained in the normal course of carrying out its supervisory responsibilities, determines, by a majority vote of its members, that there is reason to believe a violation of state campaign finance, ethics or lobbying laws may have been committed, it may: the committed

General as appropriate, for investigation and enforcement; or

Initiate an investigation to determine whether there is probable cause
to believe a violation may have been committed. If it determine is probable cause to believe to believe a believ is probable cause to believe a violation may have been committed, it shall refer the matter to the Secretary of State or the Attorney General for investigation and enforcement, as appropriate;

. If the Commission refers a matter for enforcement to the Secretary of State or Attorney General, as appropriate, such agency shall review the matter and notify the Commission in writing within thirty days of the referral whether or not the agency intends to take further action and what action it will take.

If either the Secretary of State or Attorney General, as appropriate, notifies the commission it will take further action, it must report to the Commission every thirty days on the further actions it has taken.

Upon completion of its enforcement action, the Secretary of State or Aftorney General, as appropriate, must submit a final report to the Commission on the resolution of the matter. The report shall include an explanation of the actions taken and any relevant evidence obtained.

If the Secretary of State or Attorney General, as appropriate, fails to report to the Commission, notifies the Commission that no action will be taken, fails to take final action on a matter within six months or takes final action which the Commission believes is insufficient to remedy the violation, the Commission may, by a majority vote of its members, determine to seek civil enforcement of the law.

If the Commission determines to seek civil enforcement of the law, it may conduct any further investigation it believes necessary.

The Commission may seek monetary penalties and an order requiring corrective action.

(c) The Commission has the power to subpoena documents and witnesses related to any Commission investigation; and

d. The Commission may conduct investigations in executive session, however, any findings on an investigation or a decision on a recommendation shall be determined in a public meeting. The commission shall publish a public report on each investigation, including the Commission findings

The Commission, Secretary of State and Attorney General shall make every

Section 19 (e) Adopting and publishing regulations to carry out the provisions of this Act and to assure the section of the section of this Act and to assure the section of the section of the provisions of this Act and to assure the section of the section of this Act and to assure the section of the section of this Act and to assure the section of this Act and to assure the section of the section of this Act and to assure the section of the section of this Act and to assure the section of the sec

later than February first. This report shall detail the action taken by the Ethics. Commission in compliance with this section and all disclosable information regarding the number and nature of complaints received and addressed.

- The Commission shall maintain a telephone hotline as well as internet portal through which residents of South Dakota may anonymously report instances of corruption in state government.
- (h) The Commission shall maintain a website to educate the public about its role and the Democracy Credit Program, publish its reports and findings, and promote public trust in government.

Section 33: That Chapter 12-27 be amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

12-27-49. Lobbyist and lobbyist employer gift restrictions--Violation as a misdemeanor

For the purposes of this the term, gift,

"Gift" as used in this section means any compensation, reward, employment, gift, honorarium, beverage, meal, food, or other thing of value made or given directly or indirectly to any person.

(1) It shall be unlawful for a lobbyist or employer of a lobbyist to make gifts to one person who No is an elected state officer, legislative official or staffperson, or executive department official or staffperson aggregating more than one hundred dollars (\$100) in a calendar year, or to act as an agent or intermediary in the making of any such gift, or to arrange for the making of any such gift by any other person.

(2) The value of gifts given to an immediate family member of any elected state officer, legislative official, or executive branch official shall be attributed to the officer or official for the purpose of determining whether the limit has been exceeded, unless an independent business, family, or social relationship exists between the donor and the family member, subject to approval by the Ethics Commission in a manner to be promulgated by rule by the Ethics Specific

(3) It shall be unlawful for any person knowingly to receive any gift which is made unlawful by subsection (1). A violation of this section is a Class 1 misdemeanor.

this section

Section 34. That Chapter 12-27 be amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

12-27-50. Adjustment for inflation

The adjustment The Ethics Commission shall in January of every odd-numbered year adjust the following dollar amounts to reflect changes in the Consumer Price Index for the Midwest Region, MI

Hems, as determined by the United States Department of Labor. Changes shall be made by comparing the most current Consumer Price Index for the Midwest Region, All Items, with that

index from November 2015. For the following:

(1)

Chapter 12-21 and settins 50 to 58 inclusive of this det (a) For dollar amounts set in this Chapter in the tens of dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar:

(2) (b) For dollar amounts set in this Chapter in the hundreds of dollars, rounded to the nearest ten dollars:

(2) (e) For dollar amounts set in this Chapter in the thousands of dollars, rounded to the nearest hundred dollars; and

(4) (d) For dollar amounts set in this Chapter in the tens of thousands of dollars or more, rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.

Section 35. That § 2-12-1 be amended to read as follows:

2-12-1. Names of lobbyists to be registered with secretary of state--Termination of employment

Any person who employs any other person to act as a lobbyist for the purpose of influencing state legislation, executive action, regulation or governmental processes to seek the introduction of legislation or to promote, oppose, or influence in any manner the passage by the Legislature of any legislation affecting the special interests of any agency, individual, association, or business, as distinct from those of the whole people of the state, or to act in any manner as a lobbyist in connection with any such legislation, shall register the name and address of the person so employed or agreed to be employed, with the secretary of state, to be included in a directory of registered lobbyists as hereinafter provided. The lobbyist shall also register with the secretary of state. All such registration shall be completed electronically in a standardized and machine readable manner provided by the secretary of state. Upon the termination of such employment prior to the adjournment sine die of a legislative session, such fact shall be entered opposite the name of any person so employed, either by the employer or employee.

Section 36. That § 2-12-8.2 be amended to read as follows:

2-12-8.2. Elected <u>and appointed</u> officers and other influential government employees prohibited from lobbying within one two years after termination of service--Violation as misdemeanor

No elected officer, appointed officer, agency or division director, or the highest paid aide, employee, or staffperson reporting to any of the foregoing may be compensated to act or register as a lobbyist, other than a public employee lobbyist, during a period of one two years after the officer's that person's termination of service in the state government. A violation of this section is a Class 1 misdemeanor.

Section 37. That § 2-12-9 be amended to read as follows:

2-12-9. Improper influence of legislation or legislators as misdemeanor felony

It is a Class 1 misdemeanor Class 5 felony to threaten, to harm, to offer or make bribes of money or other inducements, to offer or to give gifts or other types of consideration, to any person for the purpose of obtaining sponsorship or introduction of legislation, influencing the form of legislation, attempting to influence any member of the Legislature to vote for or against any measure pending therein, or for or against any candidate for any office to be elected or appointed by the Legislature, attempting to influence any officer of either house of the Legislature in naming of members and officers of committees, or in the performance of any of his duties, or attempting to influence or control the action of any member in relation to any matter coming before the Legislature, or any of its committees.

Section 38. That § 2-12-11 be amended to read as follows:

2-12-11) Expense reports filed with secretary of state--Open to public inspection--Administrative penalty for untimely report

On or before July first of each year, each registered lobbyist and each employer of a registered lobbyist whose name appears in the directory in that year shall submit to the secretary of state a complete and detailed report of all costs incurred for the purpose of influencing legislation state

legislation, executive action, regulation or governmental processes. The report shall be submitted in writing or electronically in a standardized and machine readable format prescribed by the secretary of state. However, the personal expenses of the lobbyist spent upon the lobbyist's own meals, travel, lodging, phone calls or other necessary personal needs while in attendance at the legislative session need not be reported. The completed reports shall be open to public inspection and available online to the public free of charge in an open format that is machine readable, downloadable, and bulk downloadable, employs a descriptive and uniform naming system, and presents data in an itemized view possible. The terms, costs, and expenses, as used in this section do not mean the compensation paid by the employer to the lobbyist.

Any lobbyist expense report filed pursuant to this section is exempt from the ten dollar filing fee prescribed in subdivision 1-8-10(2).

If a person has been authorized to act as a lobbyist on behalf of an employer pursuant to § 2-12-4, but the lobbyist does not conduct any lobbying activities pursuant to § 2-12-1 nor acts in any manner as a lobbyist in connection with representing that employer, a report is not required to be filed under this chapter.

The secretary of state may impose an administrative penalty for the failure to timely file the report required by this section. The secretary of state may impose a penalty on a registered lobbyist or employer of a registered lobbyist for each report not timely filed not to exceed a total of one hundred dollars per report not timely filed. Any administrative penalty collected pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the general fund.

Section 39. S.D. const., Art. 1232 requires appropriations to be made by the hegislature.

There is hereby appropriated from the general fund, in calendar year 2017 and each year thereafter, the sum of nine dollars (\$59), to be adjusted every year for inflation based on the Consumer Price Index, per South Dakota registered voter as determined by the Secretary of State for the previous year), to the Democracy Credit Fund for the identified purposes of that fund:

Section 40.

The chair of the Ethics Commission shall approve vouchers and the state auditor shall draw warrants to pay expenditures authorized by this Act.

Section 41. Delete. See page 14 of the "Drafting of Legislative Documents"

If any section, subsection, sentence clause or provision of this Act is held invalid, the remainder of this Act to the extent it can be given effect, or the application of such provision to persons or circumstances other than those to which it is held invalid, shall not be affected thereby, and to this extent the provisions are severable

Section 42.

Delete

The provisions of this Act are to be liberally construed to effectuate any of the numerous policies and purposes of this Act

Section 43. Verify section numbers

Sections 20, 21, 22, 27, 28, 29, 35, and 38 shall take effect on January 1, 2018.